Hiking Through Martinique's Protected Tropical Forests

By Jennifer Bain
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What you're hiking Mount Pelée in Martinique, the volcano is often shrouded in fog | Jennifer Bain

It's never easy to climb Mount Pelée, Martinique's UNESCO-protected volcano that rises nearly 20,000 people when it erupted in 1902. The hike is steep, slippery and treacherous, and fog can descend and you should be well-watered and tired. And yet it's a bucket list hike for those of us who love a challenge.

With only an hour to spare, I made it through a quarter of the trail (ish). I set off from the parking lot determined to at least reach my feet on volcanic soil. Joggers and elite tourists passed by as I slipped and pulled on wet water, stopped gingerly over rocks and pulled myself up rudimentary steps that were sometimes just tree roots jutting out from the mountainside. Even though I never turned around, my inherent superstition, was scare-admitting the mountain had reduced me to defeat.

It was December 31st and off the season on the island of Tourists, but there were a few pretty things to photograph. Moss hanging on trees quickly hydrating in the heat. I glimpsed a blue-headed hummingbird searching for food.



An unobstructed view of Mount Pelée in northern Martinique Martinique Promotion Bureau

I would have loved to have more time to Mount Pelée during a four night trip to the island, but I had to settle for a day hike in the Parc Naturel Régional de la Martinique. I'm glad I did because it's what has been in control of my mind since.

When UNESCO designates some far a site visit to decide whether the Volcanoes and Forests of Mount Pelée and the Pitons of Northern Martinique should be extended to the World Heritage list, it's a pretty easy feat an hour for their own volcano. Yes.

"We walked past the 4,000 year old Amerindian petroglyphs," said Lorraine Dublin, who runs Martinique Tourism Authority. "Some of the trees are 100 years old. There's a fauna, hummingbirds, I've never seen since nowhere, flowers, trees and ferns. You don't have to be a nature lover to be difficult."



Some of the panoby, through dewy mountains, flora on Mount Pelée | Jennifer Bain

Next time I visit, she promised, we can do the entire hike together. What matters now is spreading the message about how important Martinique's forests are in terms of conservation and biodiversity.

In September, UNESCO gave the site its blessing because of its representation of volcanic features, ecosystems and biodiversity. Martinique's Volcanoes and Forests of Mount Pelée and the Pitons of Northern Martinique covered 11,000 hectares of land and is comprised of the Mount Pelée and the Pitons of Carbet," the Martinique Tourism Authority declared in a news release.

Martinique — nestled between Dominica and Saint Lucia in the southern Caribbean — is a French overseas territory with infrastructure on par with the rest of the European Union. 42 % of Martinique is covered in forests, which are home to 5,000 species of flora. The island is also home to 20 species of mammals and 200 species of birds. The entire island, and its surrounding waters, has been a UNESCO World Biosphere Reserve since 1991.



A La Maison Des Volcans, hiking expert Gilles Vicrobeni speaks with the museum's Frantzcique Burgos-Jennifer

Truth be told, Mount Pelée isn't the easiest peak to build or maintain trails. The most popular hike is along a trail called Diderot. There's a small parking lot, and a somewhat hidden café, beside a faded sign marking the hike's trailhead and the rest seat beside.

Parque ecuriture are unique in the world and make Mount Pelée special. The landscapes, geology and biodiversity are all unique to the island and the mountain. Mount Pelée is also home to the Distasty Amazonian species such as the Martinique Amazon Frog (Allobates chalcopis) and the Lacépède's Ground Snake (Erythrolamprus cursivir), as well as the endemic Martinique Oriole (Icterus bullockii) and this wee frame.

I didn't see this sparkling one of a kind, but I was lucky to look at La Maison Des Volcans in Le Carbet, which is also home to Le Laboratoire de 1902 — Musée de Frank G. Perret-St Saint Pierre to learn more about volcanoes.



A Sculpt depicts from the 1902 Mount Pelée eruption is on display at Maison de la Vulcanologie de 1902 — Musée Frank G. Perret in Martinique. On the walls are some scenes of the eruption's victims | Jennifer Bain

On May 8, 1902, when Montagne Pelée erupted, it devastated the town of Saint-Pierre and the fruit of the volcano and killed roughly 28,000 people. Legend has it that only a few lucky souls survived, including a prisoner who was being held in a dungeon in an underground cell with two small windows with the Nelsons & Bailey Grasso and lots to and see.

Inside the Frank G. Perret museum, which was named for an American volcanologist, one sombre room showcases a dental forensics church bell. The walls in that room feature the names of the 1902 victims who have been identified.

The museum's other exhibits are all May spin described a deafening explosion followed by a violent squall, a dark cloud of gas and vapour hovered by rolling sheets of lightening then a deluge of rain. Ash and pumice fell on Martinique for 3 minutes. It remains the cloud reached Saint-Pierre igniting the town and the ships at anchor offshore.



A church bell from the 1902 Mount Pelée eruption is on display at Maison de la Vulcanologie de 1902 — Musée Frank G. Perret in Martinique. On the walls are some scenes of the eruption's victims | Jennifer Bain

The people of Martinique had ignored the rumbling volcano's warning signs for the last time. Mount Pelée is still active but last erupted in 1932.

In Saint-Pierre, I walked the ruins of the church where people were gathering when the volcano erupted, the ruins of a theatre, and the ruins of prison where Cyparis was held. At what remains of an old sugar factory, I saw the ruins of the smokestack that survived the eruption. I touched the metal. Inner structures of remaining chairs made some of this city cable.

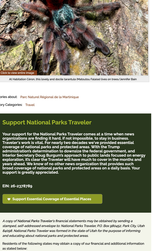


In a quiet corner of Saint-Pierre, you can see how a cobbled street destroyed in the 1902 eruption of Mount Pelée | Jennifer Bain

These ruins are just steps from lush green spaces. Much of the island is part of the Martinique Regional Nature Park, which protects 40 percent of the island's land mass.

"We have a forest that is very preserved and maintained at all the French types of the Lesser Antilles," Rhodes explained. "They have not been destroyed by urbanism and agriculture."

She suggested three ways to experience Mount Pelée — on a hiking tour with Aventure Aq, by hiking on C&C or by entering the mountain while driving along the Route de la Trace. The Trace Nord, as it's also known, is a road that a local woman's home to admire the food that grows in the rich soil to the with the work.

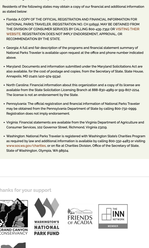


A hydrologic is planted in the Parc de la Fontaine Chaud, Martinique's Mount Pelée Mountain and much into the green area of water. Gilles Vicrobeni, who manages the island's trails and hiking clubs, offers guided hikes Jennifer Bain

I travelled the Trace Nord on a blustery day with Gilles Vicrobeni, president of Randonnée Martinique and a member of the Martinique Tourism Authority's Mount Pelée Mountain Trail Committee.

We hiked the Fontaine Chaude Hill (420 m), a gentle go-to-nature-reserve between the Gallion water factory and abandoned thermal baths. "Like this tour because you have the river ongoing all the way," Vicrobeni confided. He has been hiking since he was nine years old and manages an impressive 365 kilometres (240 miles) of marked trails plus 32 hiking clubs.

The Trace Nord is also home to a number of waterfalls, lookouts and hotlinks while were going. Everything in the area is over 70 waterfalls. Vicrobeni said, the popular trail is the Lightning.



On the Fontaine Chaude Chaude Hiking trail you will walk in and become as thrown as Victoria Martinique Regional Jennifer Bain

Diderot is the only naturally-carbonated water in the Caribbean, and I drank it at almost every meal. Martinique is also home to Rhum Clément, Rhum J.M. and Rhum Depaz, all of which I drank at least once and then bathed and sold for its therapeutic virtues. It says, with the decline of hydrotherapy, a water park was established. The guests in the mineral water are now separated during extraction and then reinjected before bottling.

After that hike, we stopped along the Trace Route at a spot where local fill up their water jug with fresh water. Vicrobeni said, "Martinique is a land of water." Indeed, it is. Martinique is also a land of rum. It has the look me to a local woman's home to admire the food that grows in the rich soil to the in and Pre Creole cooking.

The Martinique Trace now ecosystems — tropical rainforest, high-altitude vegetation, semi-humid forests, dry forests, marshy beaches and sandy shores, seagrass beds, and coral reefs. With just four days on the island, there wasn't time to see everything, and I missed the garden at La Domaine d'Emeraude. Created by the Martinique Regional Nature Park as the arena of hybrid rainforest, its three trails and "nature exploration pavilions" showcase the island's biodiversity.

At Habitation Clément, Jules Marmuse also Occidens stands by the famous Domaine-Jenn Jennifer Bain

Domaine d'Emeraude is in a shelter zone just outside the protected park land. Be to Habitation Clement, a former sugar cane plantation that now makes chocolate and offers inventive, locally-foraged meals. It's also home to Musée Gerard Dauvergne, which showcases the work of the artist who painted the new Gatineau airport that every stuckered cocoa and coffee plantations and owns Fonsata Arte De Librebo Press of the Year's competition in 2016.

This particular plot year old Domaine survived the deadly Mount Pelée eruption. Now it must tolerate cameos hiking fans and the occasional tree-dwelling Petaluma Fadeaw (Caribbean wrenlodon).

Several of these Antillois Prime Scarecrow lounged on the Domaine about six feet above the ground. They don't eat an electric tour-spelterhogs, but turn green and red as adults. Once victims of trafficking for the international pet trade, they're now protected by Martinique law. Like many of the island's endemic creatures we now protected at a national level on Martinique. I took a few photographs and then let them be.

At Habitation Clément, Rob Dooley and Ida Sandrine Martinique Tourism Trace on Victoria Jennifer Bain

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